

Appendix 2: Mandatory and discretionary areas of spend for the public health ring-fenced grant

Mandatory areas of spend - i.e. all local Authorities must spend PHRFG on all of these services:

- Sexual health services - STI testing and treatment;
- Sexual health services - contraception;
- NHS Health Check programme;
- Local authority responsibilities for health protection;
- Public health advice to NHS CCG commissioning;
- School Nursing - National Child Measurement Programme;
- 0-5 Years public health services from October 2015 - Health Visiting and Family Nurse partnership programme.

Discretionary areas of spend i.e. all local Authorities may choose to spend PHRFG on one or more of these services:

- Sexual health services - Advice, prevention and promotion;
- Obesity – adults;
- Obesity – children;
- Physical activity – adults;
- Physical activity – children;
- Drug misuse – adults;
- Alcohol misuse – adults;
- Substance misuse (drugs and alcohol) - youth services;
- Stop smoking services and interventions;
- Wider tobacco control;
- Children 5-19 public health programmes;
- Non-prescribed 0-5 public health services from October 2015;
- Non-mandatory elements of the NHS Health Check programme;
- Nutrition initiatives;
- Health at work;
- Programmes to prevent accidents;
- Public mental health;
- General prevention activities;
- Community safety, violence prevention & social exclusion;
- Dental public health;
- Fluoridation;
- Local authority role in surveillance and control of infectious disease;
- Information & Intelligence;
- Any public health spend on environmental hazards protection;
- Local initiatives to reduce excess deaths from seasonal mortality;
- Population level interventions to reduce and prevent birth defects;
- Wider determinants.